

DNSSEC Developments

Internetdagarna 2010, Stockholm

Jakob Schlyter

kirei

jakob@kirei.se

kirei

IT Security Advisor

kirei

Crypto Plumber

kirei

IETF DNSSEC Protocol Geek

kirei

.SE DNSSEC Mascot

kirei

Unbound

kirei

OpenDNSSEC

Root DNSSEC Design Team

jakob@schlyter.se

kirei

Chocoholic

kirei

Lindy Hop Dancer

kirei

Wife & two kids

kirei

One car

kirei

No dog

kirei

DNSSEC Yesterday

I 983

Paul Mockapetris invents the DNS and
implements the first server – JEEVES

I 986

Formal IETF Internet Standard
RFC 1034 & 1035

kirei

I 990

Steve Bellovin describes cache poisoning –
report is held back until ...

I 995

Steve Bellovin's article is published and
DNSSEC becomes a topic within the IETF

1997

1st generation of DNSSEC – RFC 2065

1997

Kashpureff of “AlterNIC” hijack the InterNIC website

1997

BIND 8 released

kirei

I 999

First DNSSEC workshop in Sweden

kirei

| 999

2nd generation of DNSSEC – RFC 2535

2000

BIND 9 released – with support for DNSSEC

200 |

RFC 2535 key management did not work

2002 – 2004

“DNSSEC will be ready in 6 months”

2005

3rd generation of DNSSEC – RFC 4033/4034/4035

2005

.SE deploys DNSSEC

2006 – 2007

Others are thinking about deploying DNSSEC

2008

RFC 5155 brings us NSEC3

2008

The Kaminsky Bug

kirei

2009

Others are deploying DNSSEC

2010

The root zone is signed

kirei

Signing the Root

Root DNSSEC Design Team



kirei

Requirements

Transparency

Processes and procedures should
be as open as possible for the Internet
community to trust the signed root

Audited

Processes and procedures should
be audited against industry standards,
e.g. ISO/IEC 27002:2005

High Security

Root system should meet all NIST
SP 800-53 technical security controls required
by a HIGH IMPACT system

**2048-bit RSA
SHA-256**

Split KSK/ZSK management

ICANN manage
the Key Signing Key

VeriSign manage
the Key Signing Key

Incremental deployment

Deliberately Unvalidatable Root Zone (DURZ)

Trusted Community Representatives

kirei

Crypto Officers

7 people for each facility, controlling
access to the Cryptographic Modules

3 of 7 required
for access

Recovery Key Shareholders

7 people keeping the recovery key safe

5 of 7 required
to recover

Key Management Facilities

US East & West Coast

Multi-Tiered Security

kirei

m-of-n

kirei

SysTrust audit

Key Ceremonies

KSK Generation

kirei

ZSK Signing

4 times a year





ICANN

The Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers

Starting: kskgen (at Wed Jun 16 21:19:06 2010 UTC)
 Use HSM /opt/dnssec/aep.hsmconfig?
 HSM /opt/dnssec/aep.hsmconfig activated.
 setenv KEYPER_LIBRARY_PATH=/opt/dnssec
 setenv PKCS11_LIBRARY_PATH=/opt/Keyper/PKCS11Provider/pkcs11.GCC4.0.2.so.4.07
 Found 1 slots on HSM /opt/Keyper/PKCS11Provider/pkcs11.GCC4.0.2.so.4.07
 HSM slot 0 included
 Loaded /opt/Keyper/PKCS11Provider/pkcs11.GCC4.0.2.so.4.07 Slot=0
 HSM Information:
 Label: ICANNKSK
 ManufacturerID: AEP Networks
 Model: Keyper Pro 0405
 Serial: K6002013

Generating 2048 bit RSA keypair...
 Created keypair labeled "Kjqmt7v"

SHA256 DS resource record and hash:
 . IN DS 19036 8 2 49AAC11D7B6F6446702E54A1607371607A1A41855200FD2CE1CDDE32F24E8FB5
 >> deckhand pedigree snapline breakaway kickoff hemisphere flytrap detergent guidance coherence eating outfielder facial hurricane hamlet fortitude keyboard Bradbury cranky 1 eprosy Dupont adroitness willow Chicago tempest sandalwood tactics component uproot distortion payday positive <<

Created CSR file "Kjqmt7v.csr":
 O: ICANN
 MEHMET AKCIN
 OU: IANA
 CN: Root Zone KSK 2010-06-16T21:19:24+00:00
 1.3.6.1.4.1.1000.53: . IN DS 19036 8 2 49AAC11D7B6F6446702E54A1607371607A1A41855200FD2CE1CDDE32F24E8FB5

Kjqmt7v.csr SHA256 thumbprint and hash:
 401120C1721BA100B2D9ABF2D01332399535BA0F9C71DB19197232C5EBD608D2
 >> crackdown Babylon bison recover highchair bravado ratchet adroitness sawdust supportive rhythm vagabond stagnate barbecue checkup corporate prelude conformist shadow atmosphere python hideaway suspense supportive waffle holiness checkup resistor trouble speculate aimless sensation <<

Unloaded /opt/Keyper/PKCS11Provider/pkcs11.GCC4.0.2.so.4.07 Slot=0

Washington, DC	1101 New York Avenue NW, Suite 930	Washington, DC 20005	USA	T +1 202 570 7240	F +1 202 789 0104
Brussels	6 Rond Point Schuman, Bt. 5	B-1040 Brussels	BELGIUM	T +32 2 234 7870	F +32 2 234 7848
Marina del Rey	4676 Admiralty Way, Suite 330	Marina del Rey, CA 90292	USA	T +1 310 823 9358	F +1 310 823 8649
Sydney	Level 2, 48 Hunter Street	Sydney NSW 2000	AUSTRALIA	T +61 2 8236 7900	F +61 2 8236 7913

<http://icann.org>

kirei

. IN DS 19036 8 2 49AAC11D7B6F6446702E54A1607371607A1A41855200FD2CE1CDDE32F24E8FB5

kirei

DNSSEC Today

kirei

Top Level Domains
are deploying

60 of 294

TLDs are now signed

http://stats.research.icann.org/dns/tld_report/

41 of them has
published DS in
the root zone

.arpa .asia .be .bg .biz .br
.bz .cat .ch .cl .cz .dk
.edu .eu .fi .fr .gi .gov .hn
.info .jp .kg .lc .li .lk .me
.mn .museum .my .na .nl
.nu .org .pm .pr .pt .re
.sc .se .tf .th .tm .uk .us
.vc .yt .ഓലൻഡക

ISPs are validating

**Swedish ISPs
deployed early**

Comcast recently
started its rollout

Secure by default

Key Management

You are doing it wrong

OKRS

Obsessive Key Rollover Syndrome

kirei

Yes, it is partly my fault

We didn't know better back in 2005

We know better now

kirei

**Best Current Practice
is ≠ best nor current**

Say hi to
risk management

kirei

Calm down

kirei

Roll keys when needed
– not ‘cause you can

Rolling a key is
associated with a risk

Still need to practice

... although not in the production environment

DNSSEC Tomorrow

kirei

Are we ready
to rumble?

kirei

We still have needs

Tools are getting better

Appliances are finally
getting up to speed

kirei

Open Source Software getting better

ISC BIND

kirei

OpenDNSSEC

... and others

DNSSEC for the masses

kirei

How do you sign
100'000 zones?

How do you sign
dynamic zones?

Secure Key Management

which doesn't cost you a fortune

kirei

Sane Key Management

Obsessive Key Rollover Syndrome
should not be the default

DNSSEC-aware Applications

I proposed this
back in 2002

... and was told this
was NOT a good idea

8 years later, it's
apparently kosher

kirei

KIDNS BOF

Cryptographically secured communication
by using information in DNS

SSH – Secure Shell

PKI

kirei

Domain Validation vs Extended Validation

If you control the DNS...

...you control the PKI

Can DNSSEC take care
of domain validation?

Speed. I am Speed.

kirei

No more waiting for
revocation verification

kirei

IPsec

kirei

DKIM

kirei

The future is bright

kirei

Don't forget GIGO

kirei

Garbage in – Garbage out

The End

kirei